

Shoulder scores

Questionnaires



Simple Shoulder Test (SST)

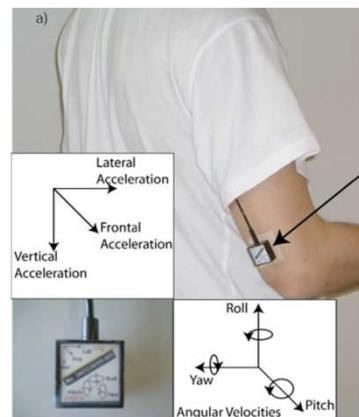
Simple Shoulder Test	
	Yes No
# 1	1
# 2	1
# 3	0
# 4	0
# 5	1
# 6	1
# 7	0
# 8	1
# 9	1
# 10	1
# 11	0
# 12	0

Score = 7

HSU 2017 

3

Shoulder power score



Summary of the nine tests carried out for painful and healthy shoulders

Tests	Description
1	Rest position
2	Hand to the back
3	Hand behind the head
4	Object ahead
5	4 kg in abduction
6	8 kg along the body
7	Hand to the opposite shoulder
8	Change a bulb
9	Object on side (Elbow in 90°, ext./int. rotation)

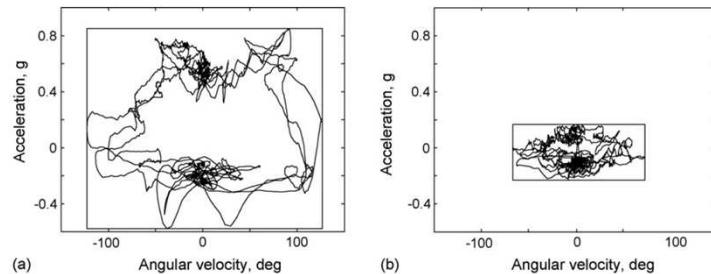
The subject is in standing position.

Coley 2007 

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Shoulder power score

$$Pr = \sum_{\text{roll,pitch,yaw}} \text{range(acceleration)} \cdot \text{range(angular velocity)}$$

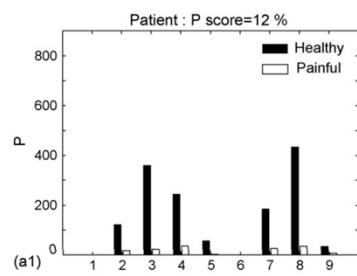


Coley 2007 

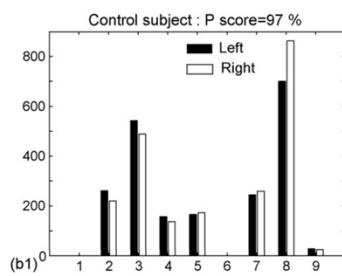
5

Shoulder power score

One patient



One control



$$\Delta Pr = \frac{P_{\text{healthy}} - P_{\text{painful}}}{P_{\text{healthy}}}$$

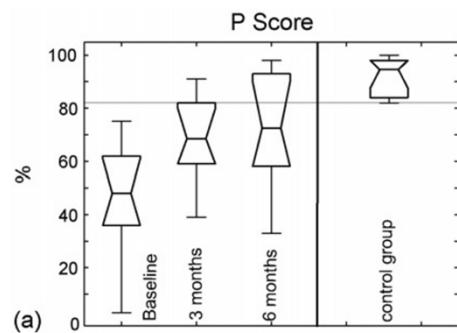
$$P \text{ score} = 1 - \text{mean} \left[\sum_{\text{Test}=1}^9 \Delta Pr \right] \times 100 [\%]$$

Coley 2007 

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Shoulder power score

10 patients & 10 controls

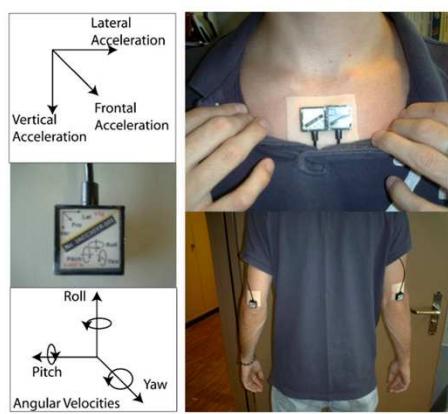


Coley 2007 CHUV

7

Shoulder power score

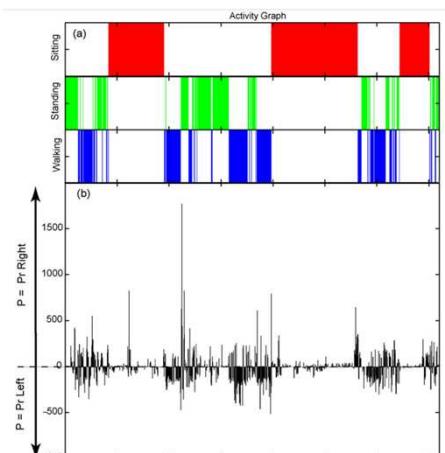
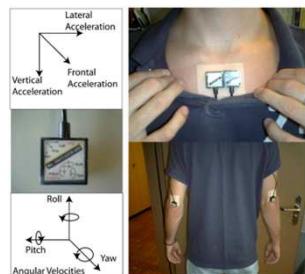
10 patients & 10 controls



Coley 2008 CHUV

8

Shoulder power score



Coley 2008 CHUV

9

Shoulder power score

21 patient unilateral rotator cuff tear & surgical repair

41 control subjects

7 hours of daily activity

Table I Characteristics of participants

	Patient group	Control group	P value
Age, mean (SD), years	53.3 (9.0)	34.1 (8.8)	<.001
Sex (men/women)	14/7	23/18	.422
Weight, mean (SD), kg	77.0 (12.5)	68.1 (9.9)	.007
Body mass index, mean (SD), kg/m ²	26.7 (4.3)	22.9 (3.2)	.001
Size, mean (SD), m	1.70 (0.06)	1.72 (0.08)	.417
Hand dominance (right/left)	19/2	29/12	.078
Operated on dominant side (right/left-handed)	9/0	—	—
Operated on nondominant side (right/left-handed)	10/2	—	—

SD, standard deviation.

Pichonnaz 2015 CHUV

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Shoulder power score

Table II Mean \pm standard deviation for the percentage of usage of the dominant arm according to the body posture (sitting, standing, walking, and all postures together) for the control group

Posture	All participants N = 41	Right-handed N = 29	Left-handed N = 12	Right- vs. left-handed difference
Sitting	59.2 \pm 7.3	61.2 \pm 6.3	54.5 \pm 7.6	P = .014
Standing	59.1 \pm 7.5	61.1 \pm 7.1	54.3 \pm 6.4	P = .009
Walking	49.8 \pm 11.6**	50.8 \pm 12.8**	47.4 \pm 7.9**	P = .328
Sit and stand	59.2 \pm 7.3	61.2 \pm 6.6	54.3 \pm 6.7	P = .009

Significant difference with other postures: **P < .001.

Shoulder power score

Underuse determined with respect to the control group

Table III Arm underuse in the sitting and standing postures expressed as a percentage in the dominant and nondominant affected patient subgroups with mean \pm standard deviation (SD) and standard error of the mean at each stage

	Sample size		Dominant affected		Sample size		Nondominant affected	
	n	Mean \pm SD	Standard error	n	Mean \pm SD	Standard error	n	Mean \pm SD
3 months	12	12.1 \pm 10.0	\pm 2.9	9	8.9 \pm 7.5	\pm 2.5		
6 months	11	6.7 \pm 8.6	\pm 2.6	9	3.0 \pm 4.9	\pm 1.6		
12 months	10	2.2 \pm 5.1	\pm 1.6	9	1.7 \pm 3.9	\pm 1.3		

